CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. (currently amended) A method for providing precise control of <u>a</u> magnetic coupling field in <u>a</u> NiMn top spin valve head, comprising:

forming at least one copper layer in a NiMn top spin valve; oxidizing the at least one copper layer in the NiMn top spin valve; and depositing remaining layers of the NiMn top spin valve head.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one copper layer is naturally oxidized for 80 seconds under 8 x 10-5 Torr of oxygen pressure.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer reduces the ferromagnetic coupling field without deteriorating GMR effect or resistance.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer provides a negative coupling field without affecting GMR effect or resistance.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer changes the crystalline texture growth of subsequent magnetic layers.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer provides a negative coupling field that is achieved without affecting a GMR effect or resistance of the NiMn top spin valve head.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer provides stronger growth of NiFe(111) and NiMn(111) with respect to NiFe(200) and NiMn(002) phases.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer improves the interfacial roughness.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one copper layer is oxidized prior to deposition of magnetic free layers.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer comprises a copper seed layer.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer further comprises a copper spacer layer.

- 12. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the oxidation of <u>the</u> at least one copper layer provides an approximately 15% increase in amplitude of the output of [[a]] <u>the</u> NiMn spin valve head at the same coupling field.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein the oxidation of <u>the</u> at least one copper layer does not affect asymmetry performance.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the at least one oxidized copper layer comprises a copper spacer layer.
- (new) A method for providing precise control of a magnetic coupling field in a NiMn top spin valve head, comprising:
 forming at least one copper layer in a NiMn top spin valve;

oxidizing the at least one copper layer in the NiMn top spin valve, oxidizing the at least one copper layer in the NiMn top spin valve to provide a negative coupling field without affecting GMR effect or resistance; and depositing remaining layers of the NiMn top spin valve head.